Standard 8 Vocabulary

1. Missouri Compromise- It prohibited slavery in the former Louisiana Territory north of the parallel 36°30′ north except within the boundaries of the proposed state of Missouri.
2. Nat Turner- was an African American slave who led a slave rebellion in Virginia on August 21, 1831 that resulted in 55 white deaths.
3. Nullification Crisis- This ordinance declared by the power of the State that the federal Tariffs of 1828 and 1832 were unconstitutional and therefore null and void within the sovereign boundaries of South Carolina.
4. John C. Calhoun- He is best known for his intense and original defense of slavery as something positive, and for pointing the South towards secession from the Union.
5. Sectionalism- is loyalty to the interests of one's own region or section of the country, rather than to the country as a whole.
6. States’ Rights- refers to political powers reserved for the U.S. state governments rather than the federal government according to the United States Constitution.
7. James K. Polk- 11th President, best known for Manifest Destiny.
8. Manifest Destiny-   was the widely held belief in the United States that America settlers were destined to expand throughout the continent.
9. 54’ 40’ or Fight- arose as a result of competing British and American claims to the Pacific Northwest of North America in the first half of the 19th century.
10. Texas Revolution-  also known as the **Texas War of Independence**, was the military conflict between the government of Mexico and Texas colonists.
11. Stephen Austin- e was known as the Father of Texas, led the second, but first legal and ultimately successful colonization of the region by bringing 300 families from the United States.
12. Sam Houston- He is best known for his leadership in bringing Texas into the United States, and the battle of San Jacinto.
13. Remember the Alamo- The Battle Cry when all of the Texans were killed by Mexican President Santa Anna.
14. Battle of San Jacinto- It was the decisive battle of the Texas Revolution, led by Sam Houston.
15. Wilmont Proviso-  would have banned slavery in any territory to be acquired from Mexico in the Mexican War or in the future,
16. Mexican-American War- It was a conflict between the U.S. and Mexico from 1846-1848.
17. Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo-  It gave the United States the Rio Grande boundary for Texas, and gave the U.S. ownership of California, and a large area comprising New Mexico, Arizona, Nevada, Utah, and parts of Wyoming and Colorado.
18. Gadsen Purchase- 10 million dollar purchase, of present-day southern Arizona and southwestern New Mexico that was purchased by the United States.